



## Research Article

DOI: 10.36959/718/623

# Stability Analysis for Newly Evolved Genotypes of Chrysanthemum (*Dendranthema grandiflora* Tzvelev) for Loose Flower Production

Reshma Negi<sup>1</sup>, Dogra RK<sup>1</sup>, Dhiman SR<sup>1</sup>, Gupta YC<sup>1</sup>, Gupta RK<sup>1</sup> and Dhiman MR<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>College of Horticulture, Dr. Yashwant Singh Parmar University of Horticulture and Forestry, India

<sup>2</sup>ICAR-IARI Regional Station, Katrain, Kullu, India



## Abstract

An experiment was conducted on stability analysis of newly evolved genotypes of chrysanthemum (*Dendranthema grandiflora* Tzvelev) for loose flower production at the experimental farm of Department of Floriculture and Landscape Architecture, Dr. Yashwant Singh Parmar University of Horticulture and Forestry, Nauni, Solan and ICAR-IARI Regional Station, Katrain, Kullu Valley of H.P for two successive years 2017 and 2018 on nineteen genotypes of chrysanthemum, including cultivar 'Surf' as check for loose flower production. For character like plant height genotypes 'UHFSChr113' and 'UHFSChr114', genotypes 'UHFSChr125', 'UHFSChr128' and 'UHFSChr131' for days taken to flowering and for flower diameter genotypes 'UHFSChr111', 'UHFSChr122', 'UHFSChr132' for number of side shoots genotype 'UHFSChr121' were found stable. These genotypes were not influenced much by the season as well as environment and stable across the location and season.

## Keywords

Loose flower, Analysis, Squared deviation, Eberhart and Russel model, Genotypes

## Introduction

Chrysanthemum (*Dendranthema grandiflora* Tzvelev) belongs to family Asteraceae [1]. It is commonly known as guldaudi/autumn queen/queen of East. It is native to northern hemisphere chiefly Europe and Asia. Species in the genus chrysanthemum varies from 100 to 200. It ranks second after rose in spray and seventh in standard type of flower production and also ranked second in loose flower production after marigold [2]. In India, Karnataka is the most prominent chrysanthemum growing state with an area of 5,453 ha with production of 59,543 MT and productivity of 10.92 t/ha. In India during 2016-2017 the area under chrysanthemum was 20090 hectare and production of loose flower was 185240 MT [3]. Chrysanthemum has wide range of flower colour, growth habit, size and shape. It is used for making garlands, Venis, gajras and religious offering.

There are large numbers of germplasm available but could not fulfill the requirements in terms of new colors, forms, types and various characteristics. However; there is always a demand of superior and new flowers over the existing cultivars. Therefore, there is urgent need to identify stable genotypes having wider adaptability and easy availability to the growers at cheaper rate. Therefore, an investigation was conducted on 'Stability analysis in chrysanthemum

(*Dendranthema grandiflora* Tzvelev) as 'stability' reflects the suitability of genotype for general cultivation over wide range of environment for loose flower production", in breeding for wide adaptation, the aim is to obtain a variety, which perform well in nearly all environment [4]. The present study was therefore aimed to evaluate chrysanthemum for their stability of performance for yield and yields components across different environments.

## Materials and Methods

To assess the stability performance of newly evolved genotypes of chrysanthemum for loose flower production trial was conducted at experimental farm of Department of Floriculture and Landscape Architecture, Dr. Yashwant

**\*Corresponding author:** Reshma Negi, College of Horticulture, Dr. Yashwant Singh Parmar University of Horticulture and Forestry, Nauni, Solan, Himachal Pradesh, PIN-173230, India

**Accepted:** March 17, 2023

**Published online:** March 19, 2023

**Citation:** Negi R, Dogra RK, Dhiman SR, et al. (2023) Stability Analysis for Newly Evolved Genotypes of Chrysanthemum (*Dendranthema grandiflora* Tzvelev) for Loose Flower Production. Arch Crop Sci 6(1):212-217

Singh Parmar University of Horticulture and Forestry, Nauni, Solan and ICAR-IARI, Regional Station, Katrain, Kullu Valley of H.P. for two successive years 2017 and 2018 on nineteen genotypes of chrysanthemum. Genotypes namely 'UHFSChr111', 'UHFSChr113', 'UHFSChr114', 'UHFSChr115', 'UHFSChr117', 'UHFSChr118', 'UHFSChr120', 'UHFSChr121', 'UHFSChr122', 'UHFSChr123', 'UHFSChr124', 'UHFSChr125', 'UHFSChr126', 'UHFSChr128', 'UHFSChr129', 'UHFSChr130', 'UHFSChr131', 'UHFSChr132' including 'Surf' as check. The plants were planted in three replications in Randomized Block Design in open field conditions using FYM 5 kg/m<sup>2</sup> and half dose of nitrogen and full dose of phosphorus and potassium were also mixed in the soil at the time of bed preparation. The remaining half dose of nitrogen was applied 45 days after transplanting. Data were recorded in terms of different plant parameters viz., days taken for flowering, plant height (cm) recorded at the time of flowering and measured from bottom to tip of the plant, number of plants and flowers per plant, flower diameter (cm) and duration of flowering, flower weight per plant and flower weight per square meter. The data was subjected to stability analysis by using [5]. The model involves the estimation of mean, regression coefficient and deviation from regression.

## Results and Discussion

Plant height revealed that genotypes 'UHFSChr114'

(114.42 cm), 'UHFSChr115' (113.33 cm), 'UHFSChr117' (113.33 cm), 'UHFSChr130' (87.17 cm), 'UHFSChr125' (86.08 cm), and 'UHFSChr122' (83.97 cm) exhibited high mean values than overall mean (83.39 cm). Among above mentioned genotypes 'UHFSChr114' and 'UHFSChr113' recorded phenotypic index (pi) 29.96, 23.38, regression coefficient (bi) 0.98, 1.32 and squared deviation from regression (S<sup>2</sup>di) 0.24, -1.07 respectively. Hence, these genotypes observed to be stable for trait under study (Table 1).

Among all nineteen genotypes days taken to flower bud formation 'UHFSChr129'(129.30 days), 'UHFSChr115'(126.25 days), 'UHFSChr113' (125.85 days), 'UHFSChr118' (125.05 days), 'UHFSChr131' (125.05 days), 'UHFSChr130' (124.94 days), 'UHFSChr126' (124.80 days), 'UHFSChr121' (124.12 days), 'UHFSChr117' (123.90 days), 'UHFSChr128' (123.70 days), 'UHFSChr111' (122.90 days), 'UHFSChr125' (122.56 days), 'UHFSChr114' (122.33 days) and 'UHFSChr120' (122.02 days) recorded more mean values than overall mean (121.73 days) over all environments. Genotype 'UHFSChr128' recorded phenotypic index (pi) 21.78, regression coefficient (bi) 1.03, square deviation from regression (S<sup>2</sup>di) 0.32 was found to be most stable genotype for this character.

Perusal of data presented in Table 2 revealed that days taken to flowering genotypes 'UHFSChr129' (169.18 days), 'UHFSChr126' (164.53 days), 'UHFSChr111' (164.38 days),

**Table 1:** Estimation of stability parameters in chrysanthemum for plant height (cm), days taken to flower bud formation (days).

Genotype	Plant height (cm)				Days taken to flower bud formation			
	Mean	pi	bi	S <sup>2</sup> di	Mean	pi	bi	S <sup>2</sup> di
UHFSChr 111	68.77	-6.42	0.64	20.89	122.90	56.81	1.02	7.95
UHFSChr 113	81.33	42.05	0.46	-2.25	125.85	217.29	0.99	1.58
UHFSChr 114	114.42	29.96	0.98	-0.24	122.33	-2647.78	1.05	-0.81
UHFSChr 115	113.43	23.53	-0.79	4.84	126.25	-602.62	1.15	2.36
UHFSChr 117	113.33	23.38	1.32	-1.07	123.90	-312.30	1.09	3.10
UHFSChr 118	76.20	-8.69	2.05	1.84	125.05	-45.81	1.04	0.38
UHFSChr 120	75.77	-77.54	1.82	41.00	122.02	-1082.05	1.22	41.67
UHFSChr 121	81.73	26.30	0.62	4.71	124.12	-57.52	1.04	3.22
UHFSChr 122	83.97	-89.26	2.20	38.78	123.30	318.54	0.96	8.77
UHFSChr 123	81.33	15.38	0.92	7.67	120.42	-1260.30	1.25	32.04
UHFSChr 124	67.75	-21.15	1.41	19.90	124.83	-46.73	1.04	2.62
UHFSChr 125	86.08	26.85	0.93	1.83	122.56	337.85	0.96	1.54
UHFSChr 126	78.42	-11.59	1.04	19.90	124.80	-446.79	1.12	1.34
UHFSChr 128	82.17	21.49	1.01	3.67	123.70	21.78	1.03	0.32
UHFSChr 129	82.42	37.96	0.42	-0.02	129.30	203.57	0.99	2.25
UHFSChr 130	87.17	-26.79	1.19	25.70	124.94	48.63	1.02	-0.50
UHFSChr 131	82.95	12.34	1.47	2.15	125.05	-64.55	1.04	10.37
UHFSChr 132	83.15	-15.20	-0.09	27.44	121.23	278.81	0.97	1.82
Surf	44.03	-2.59	1.38	11.09	80.40	2517.80	0.02	22.07
Pooled Mean	83.39		S.E = 2.20 Mean of b = 1.0 SE of b = 1.17			121.73	S.E = 1.71 SE of b = 0.06 Mean of b = 1.00	

**Table 2:** Estimation of stability parameters in chrysanthemum for days taken to flowering and plant spread.

Genotype	Days taken to flowering				Plant spread (cm)			
	Mean	pi	bi	S <sup>2</sup> di	Mean	pi	bi	S <sup>2</sup> di
UHF5Chr 111	164.38	83.68	0.98	10.97	36.85	-13.78	-0.57	13.40
UHF5Chr 113	161.02	73.44	0.99	4.47	37.50	-35.09	-3.54	17.92
UHF5Chr 114	159.88	-2108.39	1.02	4.88	36.25	-2.08	1.20	-2.18
UHF5Chr 115	161.87	-251.37	1.06	14.41	36.22	-18.56	3.36	10.30
UHF5Chr 117	159.17	-121.20	1.04	1.31	37.39	3.85	3.73	-2.25
UHF5Chr 118	161.92	-65.49	1.02	2.34	34.18	-22.94	2.94	13.81
UHF5Chr 120	162.83	88.58	0.98	7.27	35.94	13.14	-1.71	-1.37
UHF5Chr 121	156.50	-434.39	1.11	1.20	35.76	4.94	1.98	2.24
UHF5Chr 122	156.82	-474.96	1.12	-0.77	37.28	11.69	0.54	0.68
UHF5Chr 123	159.07	-468.12	1.11	16.50	35.83	-0.42	-0.90	6.48
UHF5Chr 124	163.17	508.58	0.87	14.29	27.47	15.12	-1.55	-2.09
UHF5Chr 125	161.28	263.05	0.94	0.82	37.24	-7.64	4.67	-0.42
UHF5Chr 126	164.53	-60.81	1.01	22.11	35.10	6.54	2.06	1.27
UHF5Chr 128	160.80	26.98	1.00	-1.25	37.98	13.48	0.78	-0.37
UHF5Chr 129	169.18	991.60	0.72	11.91	33.33	10.13	-0.20	1.59
UHF5Chr 130	159.96	-0.62	1.01	-1.11	33.07	17.02	0.33	-1.90
UHF5Chr 131	160.84	1.23	1.01	-0.66	34.87	11.16	2.27	-1.50
UHF5Chr 132	162.58	-30.78	1.01	7.46	37.28	8.67	-0.07	2.33
Surf	135.81	-87.50	1.02	11.15	35.06	-33.58	3.67	16.69
Pooled Mean	160.08		S.E = 1.63 SE of b = 0.06 Mean of b = 1.00			35.50	S.E(m) = 1.46 S.E of b = 2.53 Mean of b = 1.00	

'UHF5Chr120' (162.83 days), 'UHF5Chr132' (162.58 days), 'UHF5Chr118' (161.92 days), 'UHF5Chr115' (161.92 days), 'UHF5Chr125' (161.28 days), 'UHF5Chr113' (161.02 days) and 'UHF5Chr131' (160.84 days) exhibited maximum mean values than overall mean (160.08 days). Genotypes 'UHF5Chr125' 'UHF5Chr128' and 'UHF5Chr131' exhibited phenotypic index (pi) 263.05, 26.98, 1.23, regression coefficient (bi) 0.94, 1.00, 1.01, squared deviation from regression (S<sup>2</sup>di) 0.82, -1.25, -0.66 respectively were found to be stable with days taken to flowering.

Data presented in Table 2 revealed that genotypes 'UHF5Chr128' (37.98 cm), 'UHF5Chr113' (37.50 cm), 'UHF5Chr117' (37.39 cm), 'UHF5Chr122' (37.76 cm), 'UHF5Chr132' (37.28 cm), 'UHF5Chr111' (36.85 cm), 'UHF5Chr114' (36.25 cm), 'UHF5Chr115' (36.22 cm) 'UHF5Chr126' (35.94 cm), 'UHF5Chr123' (35.83 cm), and 'UHF5Chr121' (35.76 cm) recorded maximum mean value than overall mean (35.50 cm) for plant spread. The above mentioned genotypes did not qualify the stability criteria, hence revealed their unstable performance for plant spread.

Data related to duration of flowering revealed that genotypes such as 'UHF5Chr132' (33.67 days), 'UHF5Chr126' (33.25 days), 'UHF5Chr111' (33.08 days), 'UHF5Chr130' (32.67 days), 'Surf' (32.33 days), 'UHF5Chr120' (32.17 days), 'UHF5Chr124' (32.00 days), exhibited maximum mean values

than the overall mean (29.16 days). However, the above mentioned genotypes did not fulfill the criteria of stability so; they were found unstable for this trait (Table 3).

Perusal of data presented in Table 4 revealed that genotypes 'UHF5Chr124' (10.26 cm), 'Surf' (6.42), 'UHF5Chr115' (6.24 cm), 'UHF5Chr113' (5.71 cm), 'UHF5Chr123' (5.65 cm), 'UHF5Chr132' (5.49 cm), 'UHF5Chr120' (5.46 cm), 'UHF5Chr111' (5.43 cm), and 'UHF5Chr129' (5.30 cm) recorded maximum mean values than overall mean (5.27 cm). Genotypes 'UHF5Chr111', 'UHF5Chr122' and 'UHF5Chr132' recorded phenotypic index (pi) 0.21, 0.12, 0.19, regression coefficient (bi) 7.95, 8.77, 1.82, squared deviation from regression (S<sup>2</sup>di) 7.95, 8.77, 1.82 were found to be most stable genotypes with respect to flower diameter.

Data related to number of side shoots per plant showed that genotypes 'UHF5Chr114', 'UHF5Chr115', (6.16), 'UHF5Chr122' (6.02), 'UHF5Chr125' (5.93), 'UHF5Chr117' (5.92), 'UHF5Chr131' (5.85) 'UHF5Chr123' (5.63), 'UHF5Chr132' (5.75)', 'UHF5Chr126' (5.50) exhibited high mean values than overall mean (5.50). Genotypes 'UHF5Chr121' observed phenotypic index (pi) 0.93, with regression coefficient (bi) 0.98, and squared deviation from regression (S<sup>2</sup>di) 0.60 was found to be most stable for this genotype for this trait.

Genotypes 'UHF5Chr122' (752.74g), 'UHF5Chr117' (659.47g), 'UHF5Chr132,' (645.83g), 'UHF5Chr111'

**Table 3:** Estimation of stability parameters in chrysanthemum for duration of flowering (days) and flower diameter (cm).

Genotype	Duration of flowering (days)				Flower diameter (cm)			
	Mean	pi	bi	S <sup>2</sup> di	Mean	pi	bi	S <sup>2</sup> di
UHF5Chr 111	33.08	-0.38	-0.51	0.50	5.43	0.21	1.27	-0.04
UHF5Chr 113	27.08	-0.60	-1.39	0.41	5.71	-0.24	3.17	-0.01
UHF5Chr 114	25.92	-7.19	3.17	1.26	4.68	-0.17	-1.86	-0.05
UHF5Chr 115	27.00	2.82	0.89	-1.16	6.24	-0.28	3.28	-0.01
UHF5Chr 117	27.83	2.93	-0.13	-1.13	3.68	0.26	0.34	-0.03
UHF5Chr 118	26.75	1.62	2.41	-1.14	3.34	0.09	-0.96	0.03
UHF5Chr 120	32.17	0.04	-1.01	0.20	5.46	-0.03	-0.59	0.11
UHF5Chr 121	25.92	0.95	2.79	-1.04	4.63	0.01	2.21	-0.02
UHF5Chr 122	27.50	-2.63	4.05	-0.25	5.43	0.12	0.99	0.02
UHF5Chr 123	27.08	-1.71	3.80	-0.48	5.65	0.17	0.86	0.00
UHF5Chr 124	32.00	-1.18	-1.39	0.70	10.26	0.30	0.26	-0.05
UHF5Chr 125	26.08	0.07	2.66	-0.51	4.48	0.09	-0.02	0.06
UHF5Chr 126	33.25	0.95	-1.27	-0.33	4.91	0.20	-0.69	-0.01
UHF5Chr 128	27.08	-0.60	1.52	0.37	3.07	-0.33	3.33	0.01
UHF5Chr 129	27.75	-1.93	2.66	0.49	5.30	-0.29	3.41	-0.02
UHF5Chr 130	32.67	1.48	-0.38	-0.42	5.03	-0.85	4.25	0.11
UHF5Chr 131	28.83	1.59	0.89	-0.55	4.90	0.27	0.55	-0.04
UHF5Chr 132	33.67	-1.41	-0.51	1.01	5.49	0.19	1.31	-0.03
Surf	32.33	2.15	0.76	-0.81	6.42	-0.05	-2.11	0.02
Pooled Mean	29.16		S.E(m) = 0.59 Mean of b = 1.00 S.E of b = 2.11		5.27		S.E = 0.14 SE of b = 1.13 Mean of b = 1.00	

**Table 4:** Estimation of stability parameters in chrysanthemum for number of side shoots per plant and number of flowers per plant.

Genotype	Number of side shoots per plant				Number of flowers per plant			
	Mean	pi	bi	S <sup>2</sup> di	Mean	pi	bi	S <sup>2</sup> di
UHF5Chr 111	5.30	0.46	-0.93	0.08	243.33	1787.70	-0.49	-85.63
UHF5Chr 113	5.08	0.75	1.12	-0.08	230.75	1863.39	-0.12	-113.38
UHF5Chr 114	5.67	0.83	0.54	-0.07	314.33	-3942.89	-5.60	423.10
UHF5Chr 115	6.16	0.08	2.07	0.09	199.67	1777.92	-0.70	-92.13
UHF5Chr 117	5.92	0.97	0.19	-0.13	412.17	1583.81	-0.48	16.69
UHF5Chr 118	4.75	-1.03	0.51	0.86	139.17	1377.59	0.99	86.17
UHF5Chr 120	5.60	1.03	-0.07	-0.16	179.83	6.03	3.44	283.10
UHF5Chr 121	5.19	0.93	0.98	-0.16	243.50	1466.48	1.66	-38.98
UHF5Chr 122	6.02	0.16	2.72	-0.11	326.08	-2813.05	4.81	1181.53
UHF5Chr 123	5.63	-1.52	-0.02	1.12	66.00	1804.81	-0.03	-83.50
UHF5Chr 124	4.17	-0.17	-1.03	0.39	30.25	1893.61	0.36	-133.81
UHF5Chr 125	5.93	-0.52	0.60	0.60	241.17	1727.81	-0.06	-45.12
UHF5Chr 126	5.50	0.72	0.70	-0.03	216.42	1592.28	-0.86	-10.64
UHF5Chr 128	5.83	-0.17	2.23	0.18	427.08	-13246.61	7.85	4662.40
UHF5Chr 129	5.25	-0.59	2.17	0.40	109.83	1782.48	0.39	-79.21
UHF5Chr 130	5.80	-0.36	3.45	-0.09	113.92	1882.06	0.42	-129.98
UHF5Chr 131	5.85	0.47	2.33	-0.16	259.50	1486.48	1.77	-64.86

UHF5Chr 132	5.75	-0.59	1.02	0.60	405.33	-5768.97	5.98	2092.03
Surf	5.11	-1.44	0.41	1.07	114.58	1833.39	-0.32	-102.48
Pooled Mean	5.50		SE (m) = 2.24 SE(b) = 2.24 Mean of b = 1.00		224.89		SE = 13.45 SE of b = 2.45 Mean of b = 1.00	

**Table 5:** Estimation of stability parameters in chrysanthemum for flower weight per plant (g) and flower weight per square meter (g).

Genotype	Flower weight per plant (g)				Flower weight per square meter (g)			
	Mean	pi	bi	S <sup>2</sup> di	Mean	pi	bi	S <sup>2</sup> di
UHF5Chr 111	511.00	3522.74	-0.36	-243.26	4599.00	286145.26	-0.37	-20308.86
UHF5Chr 113	459.17	3929.90	0.21	-433.05	4132.50	319125.04	0.21	-35537.22
UHF5Chr 114	377.20	-5677.76	-2.95	913.64	3394.80	-459898.56	-2.93	73111.54
UHF5Chr 115	419.30	3479.62	-0.65	-271.22	3753.38	264387.86	-0.45	-10370.80
UHF5Chr 117	659.47	3219.08	-0.10	-71.81	5941.88	265202.60	-0.15	-8312.79
UHF5Chr 118	133.05	3585.80	0.50	-294.25	1197.48	291252.73	0.51	-24512.86
UHF5Chr 120	192.42	1868.59	1.88	17.24	1731.75	152147.96	1.89	-230.78
UHF5Chr 121	358.78	3073.92	1.61	-425.28	3228.98	249790.59	1.60	-35037.87
UHF5Chr 122	572.74	-14171.14	5.79	3054.19	5154.64	-1147058.96	5.80	240034.30
UHF5Chr 123	191.40	3194.64	0.30	-72.85	1722.60	259569.52	0.30	-6392.12
UHF5Chr 124	220.83	3399.20	1.34	-458.52	1987.43	276138.45	1.33	-37557.16
UHF5Chr 125	219.04	3685.09	-0.21	-310.70	1971.15	299216.23	-0.20	-25570.56
UHF5Chr 126	244.50	3314.84	-1.12	-325.98	2200.50	269305.68	-1.11	-26752.53
UHF5Chr 128	279.53	-13079.47	6.33	1435.81	2515.66	-1059048.92	6.25	122410.04
UHF5Chr 129	329.50	2934.12	0.80	-34.58	2965.50	238467.04	0.78	-2873.44
UHF5Chr 130	170.88	3989.93	0.32	-472.81	1537.50	323854.54	0.32	-38723.05
UHF5Chr 131	413.19	2904.03	1.65	-364.77	3718.73	236029.41	1.65	-30492.40
UHF5Chr 132	645.83	-18295.03	4.15	7827.10	5812.50	-1481093.84	4.07	639287.54
Surf	733.30	1078.77	-0.49	959.74	6599.68	88171.32	-0.48	77403.15
Pooled Mean	375.32		S.E(m) = 18.54 S.E of b = 1.76 Mean of b = 1.00		3377.14		S.E(m) = 167.60 Mean of b = 1.00 S.E of b = 1.75	

(511.00g), ‘UHF5Chr113’ (459.17g), ‘UHF5Chr115’ (419.30g) ‘UHF5Chr131’ (413.19g), ‘UHF5Chr114’ (377.20g) and ‘UHF5Chr121’ (358.78g) recorded mean value maximum than the overall mean (375.32g). However, the above mentioned genotypes did not fulfill the stability criteria hence revealed that their unstable performance for flower weight per plant (Table 5).

Flower weight per square meter indicated that genotypes ‘Surf’ (6599.68g), ‘UHF5Chr117’ (5941.88g), ‘UHF5Chr132’ (5812.50g), ‘UHF5Chr122’ (5154.64g), UHF5Chr111 (4599g), ‘UHF5Chr113’ (4132.50g), ‘UHF5Chr115’ (3753.38g), ‘UHF5Chr131’ (3718.73g), ‘UHF5Chr114’ (3394.80g) and recorded maximum mean values than overall mean (3377.14).

However, the above said genotypes did not fulfill the stability criteria hence showed that their unstable performance for flower weight per square meter.

The character wise stable genotypes are presented for different characters are given in Table 6. For loose flower stable performance found with genotypes, For character like plant height genotypes ‘UHF5Chr113’ and ‘UHF5Chr114’ genotypes ‘UHF5Chr125’, ‘UHF5Chr128’ and ‘UHF5Chr131’ for days taken to flowering and for flower diameter genotypes ‘UHF5Chr111’, ‘UHF5Chr122’, ‘UHF5Chr132’, and genotype ‘UHF5Chr121’ found stable for number of side shoots were not influenced much by the season as well as environment and stable across the location and season. Similar finding were also reported by: Vaidya [6], Priyanka [7] and Kumar, et al. [8] in chrysanthemum; Ramberg and Chirva [9], Arora and Sharma (1991), Desh Raj and Misra [10,11], Pant and Lal (1998) in gladiolus; Misra, et al. [12] carnation; Naik [13], Patil, et al. [14] in marigold.



**Table 6:** Character wise stable performance of chrysanthemum genotype.

Sr No.	Characters	Loose flower
	Plant height (cm)	UHFChr 114, UHFChr 113
	Days taken to flower bud formation	UHFChr 128
	Days taken to flowering	UHFChr 125 UHFChr 128 UHFChr 131
	Plant spread (cm)	-
	Duration of flowering (days)	-
	Flower diameter (cm)	UHFChr 111, UHFChr 122 UHFChr 132
	Number of shoots per plant	UHFChr 121
	Number of flowers per plant	UHFChr 121 UHFChr 131
	Flower weight per plant (g)	-
	Flower weight per square meter	-

## Conclusion

For loose flower stable performance found with genotypes, 'UHFChr113', 'UHFChr114' 'UHFChr125', 'UHFChr121', 'UHFChr128' and 'UHFChr131' can be selected for further breeding programme.

## References

- Anderson RL (1987) Reclassification of genus chrysanthemum. Hort Science 22: 313.
- Anonymous (2017) Royal floraholl and facts and figures.
- Anonymous (2018) Ministry of agriculture, Government of India.
- Cooper M, IH De-Lacy (1994) Relationships among analytical methods used to study genotypic variation and genotype- by environment interaction in plant breeding multi environment experiments. Theoretical and Applied Genetics 88: 561-572.
- Eberhart SA, Russell WA (1966) Stability parameters for comparing varieties. Crop Science 6: 36-40.
- Vaidya OS, Kumar S (2006) Analytic hierarchy process: An overview of applications. European Journal of Operational Research 169: 1-29.
- Priyanka BM (2012) Genotypic stability analysis in chrysanthemum (*Dendranthema grandiflora Tzevelev*). M.Sc Thesis, Department of Floriculture and Landscape Architecture, Kittur Rani Channama College of Horticulture, University of Horticultural Sciences, Bagalkot 124.
- Kumar CM, Dorajeerao PAVD, Susheela T, et al. (2018) Stability analysis for flowering characters of chrysanthemum genotypes. Plant Archives 18: 2609-2616.
- Ramberg TG, Chirva ZF (1978) Effect of climatic conditions on gladiolus growth and development. Genetike Seleksii 62: 115-121.
- Desh Raj A, Misra RL (1998) Stability analysis in gladiolus I. Vegetative characters. Annals of Agriculture Research 19: 423-428.
- Desh Raj, Misra RL (1998) Stability analysis in gladiolus II. Floral characters. Journal of Ornamental Horticulture 1: 61-65.
- Mishra S, Gupta YC, Rao AR (2003) Correlation and path analysis studies in carnation. Journal of Ornamental Horticulture 6: 24-28.
- Naik BH (2003) Stability analysis and standardization of production technology for flower and xanthophylls yield in marigold (*Tagetes spp*). Ph.D Thesis, Department of Horticulture, College of Agriculture, Dharwad, University of Agricultural Sciences, Dharwad. India 329.
- Patil P, Rao S (2011) Effects of Thera-Band® elastic resistance-assisted gait training in stroke patients: A pilot study. Eur J Phys Rehabil Med 47: 427-433.

DOI: 10.36959/718/623